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### Part II

## Department of Education

34 CFR Parts 300 and 303

Early Intervention Program for Infants and Toddlers With Disabilities; Assistance to States for the Education of Children With Disabilities; Final Rule and Proposed Rule

#### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

#### 34 CFR Part 303

RIN 1820-AB59

## Subpart D—Child Find, Evaluations and Assessments, and Individualized Family Service Plans

#### § 303.300 General.

The statewide comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary interagency system to provide early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families referenced in § 303.100 must include the following components:

- (a) Pre-referral policies and procedures that include—
- (1) A public awareness program as described in § 303.301; and
- (2) A comprehensive child find system as described in § 303.302.
- (b) Referral policies and procedures as described in § 303.303.
- (c) Post-referral policies and procedures that ensure compliance with the timeline requirements in § 303.310 and include—
- (1) Screening, if applicable, as described in § 303.320;
- (2) Evaluations and assessments as described in §§ 303.321 and 303.322; and
- (3) Development, review, and implementation of IFSPs as described in §§ 303.340 through 303.346.

#### Pre-Referral Procedures—Public Awareness Program and Child Find System

### § 303.301 Public awareness program—information for parents.

- (a) Preparation and dissemination. In accordance with § 303.116, each system must include a public awareness program that requires the lead agency to—
- (1)(i) Prepare information on the availability of early intervention services under this part, and other services, as described in paragraph (b) of this section; and
- (ii) Disseminate to all primary referral sources (especially hospitals and physicians) the information to be given to parents of infants and toddlers, especially parents with premature infants or infants with other physical risk factors associated with learning or developmental complications; and
- (2) Adopt procedures for assisting the primary referral sources described in § 303.303(c) in disseminating the information described in paragraph (b) of this section to parents of infants and toddlers with disabilities.
- (b) Information to be provided. The information required to be prepared and disseminated under paragraph (a) of this section must include—

- (1) A description of the availability of early intervention services under this part:
- (2) A description of the child find system and how to refer a child under the age of three for an evaluation or early intervention services; and
- (3) A central directory, as described in § 303.117.
- (c) Information specific to toddlers with disabilities. Each public awareness program also must include a requirement that the lead agency provide for informing parents of toddlers with disabilities of the availability of services under section 619 of the Act not fewer than 90 days prior to the toddler's third birthday. (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(6), 1437(a)(9))

## § 303.302 Comprehensive child find system.

- (a) General. Each system must include a comprehensive child find system that—
- (1) Is consistent with part B of the Act (see 34 CFR 300.111);
- (2) Includes a system for making referrals to lead agencies or EIS providers under this part that—
  - (i) Includes timelines; and
- (ii) Provides for participation by the primary referral sources described in § 303.303(c);
- (3) Ensures rigorous standards for appropriately identifying infants and toddlers with disabilities for early intervention services under this part that will reduce the need for future services; and
- (4) Meets the requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section and §§ 303.303, 303.310, 303.320, and 303.321.
- (b) Scope of child find. The lead agency, as part of the child find system, must ensure that—
- (1) All infants and toddlers with disabilities in the State who are eligible for early intervention services under this part are identified, located, and evaluated, including—
- (i) Indian infants and toddlers with disabilities residing on a reservation geographically located in the State (including coordination, as necessary, with tribes, tribal organizations, and consortia to identify infants and toddlers with disabilities in the State based, in part, on the information provided by them to the lead agency under § 303.731(e)(1)); and
- (ii) Infants and toddlers with disabilities who are homeless, in foster care, and wards of the State; and
- (iii) Infants and toddlers with disabilities that are referenced in §303.303(b); and
- (2) An effective method is developed and implemented to

- identify children who are in need of early intervention services.
- (c) Coordination. (1) The lead agency, with the assistance of the Council, as defined in § 303.8, must ensure that the child find system under this part—
- (i) Is coordinated with all other major efforts to locate and identify children by other State agencies responsible for administering the various education, health, and social service programs relevant to this part, including Indian tribes that receive payments under this part, and other Indian tribes, as appropriate; and
- (ii) Is coordinated with the efforts of the—
- (A) Program authorized under part B of the Act;
- (B) Maternal and Child Health program, including the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program, under Title V of the Social Security Act, as amended, (MCHB or Title V) (42 U.S.C. 701(a));
- (C) Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396(a)(43) and 1396(a)(4)(B));
- (D) Programs under the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15001 *et seq.*);
- (E) Head Start Act (including Early Head Start programs under section 645A of the Head Start Act) (42 U.S.C. 9801 et seq.);
- (F) Supplemental Security Income program under Title XVI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1381);
- (G) Child protection and child welfare programs, including programs administered by, and services provided through, the foster care agency and the State agency responsible for administering the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA) (42 U.S.C. 5106(a));
  - (H) Child care programs in the State;
- (I) The programs that provide services under the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act (42 U.S.C. 10401 *et seq.*);
- (J) Early Hearing Detection and Intervention (EHDI) systems (42 U.S.C. 280g–1) administered by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC); and
- (K) Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) authorized under Title XXI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa *et seq.*).
- (2) The lead agency, with the advice and assistance of the Council, must take steps to ensure that—
- (i) There will not be unnecessary duplication of effort by the programs identified in paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this section; and
- (ii) The State will make use of the resources available through each public agency and EIS provider in the State to implement the child find system in an

effective manner.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(3)(A), 1431, 1434(1), 1435(a)(2), 1435(a)(5), 1435(c)(2)(G), 1437(a)(6), 1437(a)(10), 1441)

#### **Referral Procedures**

#### § 303.303 Referral procedures.

- (a) General. (1) The lead agency's child find system described in § 303.302 must include the State's procedures for use by primary referral sources for referring a child under the age of three to the part C program.
- (2) The procedures required in paragraph (a)(1) of this section must—
- (i) Provide for referring a child as soon as possible, but in no case more than seven days, after the child has been identified; and
- (ii) Meet the requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.
- (b) Referral of specific at-risk infants and toddlers. The procedures required in paragraph (a) of this section must provide for requiring the referral of a child under the age of three who—
- (1) Is the subject of a substantiated case of child abuse or neglect; or
- (2) Is identified as directly affected by illegal substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure.
- (c) Primary referral sources. As used in this subpart, primary referral sources include—
- (1) Hospitals, including prenatal and postnatal care facilities;
  - (2) Physicians;
- (3) Parents, including parents of infants and toddlers;
- (4) Child care programs and early learning programs;
  - (5) LEAs and schools;
  - (6) Public health facilities;
- (7) Other public health or social service agencies;
  - (8) Other clinics and health care providers;
  - (9) Public agencies and staff in the child welfare system, including child protective service and foster care;
  - (10) Homeless family shelters; and
- (11) Domestic violence shelters and agencies.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(3)(A), 1431, 1434(1), 1435(a)(2), 1435(a)(5), 1435(a)(6), 1435(c)(2)(G), 1437(a)(6), 1437(a)(10), 1441)